FYJCA1016   SOCIO

| SUB: SOCIOLOGY | FIRST TERM | TIME: 1 HOUR 30 MINS |

STD: XI ARTS   M. MARKS: 50

NOTE: 1. All questions are compulsory

   2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1. A] Fill in the blanks by choosing the correct alternatives given below:-   (05)

1. The founding father of sociology is_____.
   a. Emile Durkhiem   b. Auguste Comte
2. Formulation of a problem is _____ stage in social research.
   a. First   b. second
3. Hypothesis is an assumed _____.
   a. Problem   b. Fact
4. Public document is a _____ data.
   a. Primary   b. Secondary
5. Society is a _____ of social relationships.
   a. system   b. process

B] Match the following pairs A with B suitably:-   (05)

A	B
1. Ascribed status	a. trade union
2. Achieved status	b. Charles Cooley
3. Secondary group	c. caste system
4. Primary group	d. territorial group
5. Community	e. doctor
	f. role conflict

Q2. Answer the following in one sentence each:-   (08)

1. Define sociology.
2. Who wrote the book "Religion and society among the Coorgs"?
3. Who is known as the Father of indian sociology?
4. State the two types of data .
5. What is egoistic suicide?
6. Name the three communities found in the Indian society.
7. Define status.
8. What is a role set?

Q3. Answer the following in 50-60 words each (any 3) (12)

1. State the Uses of sociology
2. Explain the Primary group and Secondary group in brief.
3. What is Ascribed status and Achieved status?
4. State the Law of three stages explained by Auguste Comte.

Q4. Answer the Following questions in 200-250 words each (any 1):- (10)

1. Explain the contribution of Dr.M.N.Srinivas to Indian society.

OR

2. Explain the various sources of collection of secondary data.

Q5. Answer the following questions in about 250 words approximately (any 1):- (10)

1. Explain the first four stages of Research Method.

OR

2. Define Primary Group and State its functions.

foyJ.C Arts Economics

RIZVI COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Rizvi Education Complex, Off. Carter Road, Bandra (W), Mumbai-400 050.

CLASS: FYJC	**Economics**	**Date:**
Marks: 50		**Duration:1.30Hours**

All Questions are compulsory and will have internal choice.
Draw Diagrams wherever necessary.

Q1) A. Fill in the blanks: (4 mks)

1. _____ poverty cannot be removed fully and is universal in nature.

   a. Absolute   b. Relative   c. Average   d. All of them

2. Per capita income is _____ divided by the total population.

   a. per capita consumption   b. national income   c. human development

   d. Net national product (NNP)

3. Black marketing results in _____ money.

   a. black   b. white   c. foreign   d. None of these.

4. At present there are only ___ industries under compulsory licensing.

   a. 6   b.10   c. 4   d. 12

B. State True or False: (4 mks)

1. Economic growth means increase in real national income for a long period.
2. Terrorism is a global issue.
3. Economic reforms were introduced when Dr. Manmohan Singh was the then Finance Minister.
4. The share of service sector in GDP has decreased recently.

C. Match the following: (4 mks)

A	B
1. Economic Development	a. Disinvestment
2. Monopolies Restrictive Trade Practices(MRTP) Act	b. public sector
3. Central Bank of India	c. 1969
4. Privatisation	d. Increase in National income and Economic welfare.
	e. Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
	f. Increase in real per capita income
	g. 1999

Q2) A. Distinguish between the following: (Any 3) (6mks)

a. Economic growth and Economic Development.
b. Rural unemployment and Urban unemployment.
c. Privatisation and Liberalisation.
d. Public sector and Private sector. (with Examples on each)
e. Absolute poverty and Relative Poverty.

Q2) B. Define the following (any 2) (4mks)

a. Relative poverty
b. Per capita income (PCI)
c. Seasonal unemployment
d. Globalisation

Q.3) Answer in Brief (Any 2)   (10 mks)

a) What are the features of economic development?

b) Explain features of New Economic policy (NEP),1991. (NIP,1991.)

c) What are the current challenges faced by the Indian Economy?

d) Enumerate the causes of unemployment.

Q4.) Write Short Notes on (Any 2)   (10 mks)

a) Types of Unemployment (Any 6 Pts)

b) State the characteristics on economic planning.

c) Features of privatization

d) Explain the causes of poverty

Q5.) Answer the following: (Any 1)   (8 mks)

a.   What are the indicators of economic development?

b.   State the Liberlisation measures taken by the government.

c.   What are the objectives of economic planning?

Rizvi College Of Arts Science & Commerce

Std-XI   **First Terminal Exam**   **Marks-50**

Time-1hr 30mins   **Subject-Philosophy**

NOTE -   1) All the questions are compulsory

           2) Figures to the right indicate full marks

Q.1) A. Fill in the blanks with correct alternatives-   (4)

a) _____ is a cardinal virtue. (Knowledge, Wisdom)

b) Crime is a_____ concept. (Social, Religious)

c) The Charvakas advocate _____ hedonism. (gross, refined)

d) Etymologically Teleology is the science of _____. (end, duty)

B. True or False-   (4)

a) Man desires various objects that ultimately aim at pleasure.

b) Refined Hedonism gives weightage to the sensuous pleasure.

c) Punishment is often liable to crime.

d) Vice is related more to the inner side and of man's nature.

C. Match the following-   (4)

1) Morality   a) Dentological theories

2) Path of liberation   b) Voluntary Action

3) Freedom of will   c) Bhakti Marg

4) Kant   d) Human Welfare

Q.2) A. Distinguish between the following (any one) -   (4)

1) Intrinsic Values and Instrumental Values.

2) Ethics of Kant and Ethics of Gita .

B. Give philosophical terms for-   (4)

1) The highest goal of life for the Charvakas.

2) The theory that rejects Capital punishment.

3) Freedom from the cycle of birth and death.

4) Values sought by men .

C. Answer in one sentence-   (4)

1) What is Hedonism?

2) Who said that pleasure and pain are always mixed up?

3) Which are the two types of evil?

4) What is Aristotle's view of punishment?

Q.3) Answer the following in 20-25 words (any three) -   (6)
1) Jnana Marga
2) Virtue
3) Purpose of Punishment
4) Natural Evil
5) Karma Marga

Q.4. Explain the following-   (8)

1). Reformative Theory.
2) The greatest happiness of greatest number of people.

Q.5.Discuss fully Mill's utilitarianism   (12)
                    OR
      State in brief the four fold scheme of Purushartha.

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Rizvi College Of Arts Science & Commerce

Std-XI   **First Terminal Exam**   Marks-50

Time-1hr 30mins   Subject-Logic

NOTE -   1) All the questions are compulsory

2) Figures to the right indicate full marks

Q.1) A Fill in the blanks with correct alternatives-   (4)

1) _____ is either valid or invalid. (Statement, Argument)

2) The method of deductive proof is _____. (a decision procedure, not decision procedure)

3) _____ are propositional constants. (A.Z, P.Q)

4) The method of _____ can be justified by the rule of Exportation. (C.P,D.P)

B. True or False-   (4)

1) Not is a monadic operator.

2) Every proposition is a sentence.

3) Argument is either true or false.

4) Rule of replacement can be applied for one statement.

C. Match the following-   (4)

1) Contradiction   a) Reliable and Mechanical

2) And   b) $\supset$ called horseshoe

3) Decision and Procedure   c) Always False

4) If then   d) . called the dot

Q.2) A Using <u>truth</u> table method state whether statements form are tautologous contradictory
   or contingent -   (8)

1) $(p.q) \supset (q. \lor p)$

2) $\sim (\sim pv \sim q) \supset q$

B. With the help of truth table method test validity of following arguments -   (8)

1) $A \supset B$ 2) $P \equiv \sim Q$

$Av \sim B$ $P \equiv Q$

∴ B   ∴ PvQ

c) 1) Construct formal Proof of validity for the following arguments - (8)

A	B
1) P ⊃ (Q.N)	1) AvB
2) T ⊃ ~S	2) S ⊃ T
3) ~G	3) T ⊃ ~A
4) (Q.N) ⊃ T	4) S \ ∴ B
5) ~S ⊃ G ∴ ~P	

Q. 3) Distinguish between (Any one) - (4)
 1) Sentence and proposition
 2) Rule of Conjuction and Simplification

Q.4) Define the following (any two) - (4)

1) Tautology
2) Contradiction
3) Matrix

5) Explain the method of Deductive Proof. (6)

FYJCA1016

SUB: HISTORY   FIRST TERM   TIME: 1 HOUR 30 MINS

STD: XI ARTS   M. MARKS: 50

NOTE: 1. All questions are compulsory

2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1. A] Fill in the blanks by choosing the correct alternatives given below:-   (05)

1. _____ was the founder of Satavahana Dynasty.
   a. Satkarni I   b. Simuk
2. Kailas temple of Ellora was built by _____.
   a. Dhruv   b. Krishna I
3. _____ is the study of the past events.
   a. Philosophy   b. History
4. _____ was the founder of Sikhism.
   a. Guru Nanak   b. Ballal Shah.
5. _____ was known for sarees.
   a. Paithan   b. Aurangabad

B] Match the following pairs A with B suitably:-   (05)

A	B
1. F.W.Liby	a. Ahmednagar
2. Pulkeshi –II	b. Bidar
3. Imamdshah	c. Carbon-14 process
4. Nizamshah	d. Aihole Inscriptions
5. Baridshah	e. Bijapur
	f. Berar

Q2. Answer the following in one sentence each:-   (08)

1. In which civilization specific stones were kept on burial?
2. Which emperor cancelled the Jiziya tax on Hindus.
3. How many kings ruled over the Gond Dynasty?
4. Which ruler shifted his capital from Delhi-Daulatabad?
5. Which title was adopted by Shivaji after coronation ceremony?
6. Who was the first Muslim ruler to invade Maharashtra?
7. Name the three moderate leaders.
8. Who opened the first girls school in Maharashtra?

Q3. Answer the following in 40-50 words (any 3):-   (12)

1. Explain the Carbon-14 process.
2. Describe the sultanate period.
3. Describe the Bahamani dynasty in medieval Maharashtra.
4. Explain the Vakataka dynasty.

Q4. Answer the following questions in about 250words (any 1):-   (10)

    1. Describe the Palaeolithic Age and state its characteristics.

<div align="center">OR</div>

1. State the economic and religious condition of the Satavahana Dynasty

Q5. Answer the following questions in about 250 words approximately (any 1):-   (10)

    1. State the works of the social reformers of Maharashtra
        a. Jagannath Shankarsheth
        b. Lokhitwadi Gopal Hari Deshmukh
        c. Mahatma Jyotiba Phule

<div align="center">OR</div>

2. Describe the Indus Valley Civiization in detail.